borrower, except bills, routine overdue notices, and routine form letters.

- (3) Period of retention of repayment records. An institution shall retain repayment records, including cancellation and deferment requests, for at least three years from the date on which a loan is assigned to the Department of Education, canceled, or repaid.
- (4) Manner of retention of promissory notes and repayment schedules. (i) An institution shall keep the original promissory notes and repayment schedules in a locked, fireproof container until—
  - (A) The loans are satisfied; or
- (B) The original documents are needed in order to enforce the loan obligation
- (ii) The institution shall retain certified true copies of documents released for enforcement of the loan.
- (iii) After the loan obligation is satisfied, the institution shall return the original notes marked "paid in full" to the borrower.
- (iv) An institution shall maintain separately its records pertaining to cancellations of Defense, NDSL, and Federal Perkins Loans.
- (v) Only authorized personnel may have access to the loan documents.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1845-0019)

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1087cc, 1087hh, 1094, and 1232f)

[52 FR 45747, Dec. 1, 1987, as amended at 53 FR 49147, Dec. 6, 1988; 57 FR 32345, July 21, 1992; 59 FR 61408, 61415, Nov. 30, 1994; 59 FR 61722, Dec. 1, 1994; 60 FR 61814, Dec. 1, 1995; 61 FR 60492, Nov. 27, 1996; 62 FR 50847, Sept. 26, 1997; 64 FR 58315, Oct. 28, 1999]

## § 674.20 Compliance with equal credit opportunity requirements.

- (a) In making a loan, an institution shall comply with the equal credit opportunity requirements of Regulation B (12 CFR part 202).
- (b) The Secretary considers the Federal Perkins Loan program to be a credit assistance program authorized by Federal law for the benefit of an economically disadvantaged class of persons within the meaning of 12 CFR 202.8(a)(1). Therefore, the institution may request a loan applicant to disclose his or her marital status, income

from alimony, child support, and spouse's income and signature.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1845–0019)

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1087aa-1087hh)

[52 FR 45747, Dec. 1, 1987, as amended at 53 FR 49147, Dec. 6, 1988; 59 FR 61415, Nov. 30, 1994; 64 FR 58315, Oct. 28, 1999]

## Subpart B—Terms of Loans

SOURCE: 52 FR 45754, Dec. 1, 1987, unless otherwise noted.

## § 674.31 Promissory note.

- (a) Promissory note. (1) An institution may use only the promissory note that the Secretary provides. The institution may make only nonsubstantive changes, such as changes to the type style or font, or the addition of items such as the borrower's driver's license number, to this note.
- (2)(i) The institution shall print the note on one page, front and back; or
- (ii) The institution may print the note on more than one page if—
- (A) The note requires the signature of the borrower on each page; or
- (B) Each page of the note contains both the total number of pages in the complete note as well as the number of each page, e.g., page 1 of 4, page 2 of 4,
- (iii) The promissory note must state the exact amount of the minimum monthly repayment amount if the institution chooses the option under §674.33(b).
- (b) *Provisions of the promissory note—*(1) *Interest.* The promissory note must state that—
- (i) The rate of interest on the loan is 5 percent per annum on the unpaid balance; and
- (ii) No interest shall accrue before the repayment period begins, during certain deferment periods as provided by this subpart, or during the grace period following those deferments.
- (2) Repayment. (i) Except as otherwise provided in §674.32, the promissory note must state that the repayment period—
- (A) For NDSLs made on or after October 1, 1980, begins 6 months after the borrower ceases to be at least a half-time regular student at an institution